## Hungarian Embassy to North Vietnam, Report, 3 May 1957. [Summary]

That document deals with the South Vietnamese Communists who moved to North Vietnam in 1954. They enjoyed positive discrimination in the DRV. Southerners were given top jobs even if they were not qualified for that, which created resentment among northerners. In a lot of fields, the majority of those employed were southerners [another report pointed out that as many as 70 per cent of the employees of the Foreign Ministry were of southern origin], but they did not work too well. In numerous cases they did not work at all. Still, no disciplinary measures (dismissal, reduction of salary, etc.) were taken against them. Although a lot of institutions were overstaffed, southerners could not be dismissed or transferred.

Copyright 1999-2009 Cold War History Research Center Budapest. All rights reserved.

If cited, quoted, translated, or reproduced, acknowledgement of any document's origin must be made as follows: "Cold War History Research Center Budapest, <a href="http://www.coldwar.hu">http://www.coldwar.hu</a>, document obtained by Balázs Szalontai from MagyarOrszágos Levéltár (MOL) [Hungarian National Archives] Budapest, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Top Secret Documents, XIX-J-1-j; This English summary was prepared by Balázs Szalontai for the International Conference "New Central and Eastern European Evidence on the Cold War in Asia"

Budapest, Hungary October 30-November 2, 2003; organized by the George Washington University Cold War Group, Cold War History Research Center Budapest, with support from the Cold War International History

Project, Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars, Washington D.C.