## Hungarian Embassy to North Vietnam, Report, 20 September 1957. [Summary]

The author of the report states that as many as 23,748 political prisoners were released in the course of the corrections ("of whom, most were innocent"). With regard to the coastal region, the authorities admitted that "70% of the families had been wrongly classified". In an area including 2,033 villages altogether, 31,844 people, wrongly classified as landlords, had been reclassified as middle peasants (the total number of people wrongly classified as landlords was 66,113); of the 14,908 landlords declared as criminals, only 3,932 remained on the "blacklist"; before the corrections, merely 461 landlords had been declared participants of the Resistance, while after them, as many as 2,696. In 421 villages, 4,777 families were entitled for compensation, and of the 18,856 hectares taken from them, they got back only 3,857 hectares.

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